

News Release

Pat Quinn, Governor For Immediate Release March 27, 2014

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Unemployment Falls in Local Areas Across the State Chicagoland Lowest Unemployment Since 2009

Not Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates

Metropolitan Area	Feb.	Feb.
	2014*	2013
Bloomington-Normal	8.0%	7.7%
Champaign-Urbana	8.7%	8.8%
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville	9.0%	9.8%
Danville	12.8%	11.9%
Davenport-Moline-Rock Isl.	7.9%	7.9%
Decatur	12.7%	12.8%
Kankakee-Bradley	12.1%	12.8%
Lake-Kenosha, IL-WI	9.5%	10.1%
Peoria	10.1%	10.0%
Rockford	12.1%	12.9%
Springfield	8.6%	8.9%
St. Louis (IL-Section)	9.2%	9.5%
* Data subject to revision.		

Peoria MSA

Rockford MSA

Sprinafield MSA

Illinois Section of St. Louis MSA

CHICAGO – Local unemployment rates fell across the state in February and the rate in the Chicago-Joliet-Naperville Metro Division fell 0.8 percentage points to reach 9.0 percent, the lowest it has been since 2009, according to preliminary data released today by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) and the Illinois Department of Employment Security (IDES). Not seasonally adjusted data compares February 2014 to February 2013.

Illinois businesses added jobs in four metros. Largest increases: Lake-Kenosha (+2.7 percent, +10,300), Champaign-Urbana (+1.6 percent, +1,700), and Chicago-Joliet-Naperville (+0.8 percent, +28,000). Largest decreases: Bloomington-Normal (-2.1 percent, -1,900), Danville (-2.1 percent, -600) and Peoria (-1.8 percent, -3,300). Much of these decreases continue to reflect a temporary slowdown in global manufacturing demand. Industry sectors recording job growth in the most metros: Leisure and Hospitality (nine of 12), Wholesale Trade (seven of 12).

Not seasonally adjusted data compares the current month to the same

178,700

145,200

108,800

228,000

**Revised

month of the previous year. The February 2014 not seasonally adjusted Illinois rate was 9.4 percent and 12.2 percent at its peak in this economic cycle in January 2010. Nationally, the unemployment rate was 7.0 percent in February and 10.6 percent in January 2010 at its peak. The unemployment rate identifies those who are out of work and looking for work and is not tied to collecting unemployment insurance benefits. Historically, the state unemployment rate is higher than the national rate.

Total Non-farm Jobs (Not Seasonally Adjusted) - February 2014

Over-the-Year February February Metropolitan Area 2014* 2013** Change -1,900 Bloomington-Normal MSA 88,400 90,300 Champaign-Urbana MSA 107,000 105,300 1,700 3,712,300 3,684,300 Chicago-Joliet-Naperville Metro Div. 28,000 Danville MSA 28,200 28,800 -600 Davenport-Moline-Rock Island MSA 178,700 180,400 -1,700 Decatur MSA 50.900 -600 50.300 Kankakee-Bradley MSA 42,800 42,800 0 Lake County-Kenosha County Metro Div. 390,300 380,000 10,300

175,400

144,600

108,900

227,100

*Preliminary

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323**14

-3,300

-600

100

-900

323



Not Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates (percent) for Local Counties and Areas

Labor Market Areas	Feb-14	Feb-13
Bloomington-Normal		
McLean County	8.0 %	7.7 %
Peoria MSA		
Marshall County	9.8 %	10.1 %
Peoria County	10.6 %	10.5 %
Stark County	12.4 %	11.9 %
Tazewell County	9.9 %	9.7 %
Woodford County	8.4 %	8.6 %
Ottawa-Streator Area	12.0 %	12.6 %
Bureau County	10.9 %	11.5 %
LaSalle County	12.4 %	13.0 %
Putnam County	12.5 %	12.7 %
Galesburg Area	9.5 %	9.8 %
Knox County	9.7 %	10.2 %
Warren County	8.9 %	8.7 %
Cities		
Bloomington City	8.0 %	7.6 %
Galesburg City	9.7 %	10.1 %
Normal City	7.9 %	7.5 %
Pekin City	10.9 %	11.5 %
Peoria City	10.6 %	10.6 %
Counties		
DeWitt County	9.7 %	9.8 %
Fulton County	12.0 %	12.0 %
Henderson County	9.1 %	8.7 %
Henry County	8.7 %	8.4 %
Livingston County	9.7 %	10.1 %
Logan County	9.7 %	9.8 %
Mason County	12.4 %	12.3 %

Historically, the Illinois unemployment rate is higher than the national rate. Only six times since January 2000 has the state rate been lower than the national rate. The data is seasonally adjusted and includes times of both economic expansion and contraction.

Central Illinois Highlights

Bloomington-Normal MSA

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased to 8.0 percent in February 2014 from 7.7 percent in February 2013. It is below the comparable state rate of 9.4 percent.

Non-farm payroll employment declined -1,900 from February 2013. Leisure-Hospitality (+100) and Other Services (+100) added jobs. Government (-700) and Financial Activities (-600) had declines.

Peoria MSA

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate increased to 10.1 percent in February 2014 from 10.0 percent in February 2013.

Non-farm payroll employment decreased -3,300 from one year ago. There were job gains in Wholesale Trade (+200) and Financial Activities (+100). Manufacturing (-1,200), Professional-Business Services (-900) and Transportation-Warehousing-Utilities (-700) led declines.

Ottawa-Streator Area

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell to 12.0 percent in February 2014 from 12.6 percent in February 2013. The last time the rate was equal to or lower was 2009 when it was 11.7 percent.

Non-farm payroll employment decreased -450 from one year ago. A gain was posted in Transportation-Warehousing-Utilities (+400). Declines were recorded in Government (-300) and Manufacturing (-175).

Pontiac Area

The not seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell to 9.7 percent in February 2014 from 10.1 percent in February 2013. The last time the rate was equal to or lower was 2012 when it was 9.5 percent.

Non-farm payroll employment rose +25 from February 2013. Manufacturing (+200) added jobs. Construction (-75) and Wholesale Trade (-75) recorded declines.

Note:

Monthly 2013 unemployment rates and total non-farm jobs for Illino is metro areas were revised in February 2014, as required by the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS). Comments and tables distributed for prior metro area news releases should be discarded as any records or historical analysis previously cited may no longer be valid.